

FGP SCP REMINDERS

INCOME FORMS ARE PAST DUE

If you have not completed and returned your income form and verification for this year—reporting on income from 2020— *you are past due!* A big **THANK YOU** to all those who have returned the form and verification!

CHARGING GRANDPADS

Remember to keep your GrandPads on the charging dock when not in use so they will stay charged and ready for when you need them! You will hear from us if you have a class session starting soon!

CAR INSURANCE

If you are claiming a mileage reimbursement, please be sure to send in a copy of your insurance card showing current dates.

WAYS TO REACH GLITC FGP SCP

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After I get a COVID-19 vaccine, is it safe to visit in person with friends and family?

Answer From Daniel C. DeSimone, M.D. Mayo Clinic

After getting a coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) vaccine, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that it's OK for fully vaccinated people to:

Visit with other fully vaccinated people indoors — without wearing masks or avoiding close contact

Visit with unvaccinated people from one household who are at low risk of severe illness due to COVID-19 — indoors and without wearing masks or avoiding close contact.

People are considered fully vaccinated two weeks after they get their second dose of an mRNA vaccine, such as Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna, or two weeks after a single dose of the Janssen/Johnson & Johnson vaccine.

However, vaccinated people should continue to take safety precautions, such as wearing a mask and avoiding close contact (within about 6 feet, or 2 meters) with others, when they are:

- In public
- Visiting with people who are unvaccinated and at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19
- Visiting with people who have an unvaccinated household member at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19
- Visiting with unvaccinated people from multiple households

Keep in mind that if you're fully vaccinated, your risk of getting COVID-19 might be low. But if you become infected, you might spread the disease to others even if you don't have signs or symptoms of COVID-19. This could be dangerous for people who are unvaccinated and at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19.

People at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19 include older adults and people with certain underlying conditions.



Wisconsin's Tornado and Severe Weather Awareness Week

April 12—16, 2021

Wisconsin averages 23 tornadoes annually. During the 2020 season, the NWS confirmed 20 tornadoes touched down in the state. While spring and summer are the most active time of the year for tornadoes, they can happen in any month.

To stay safe from severe weather, ReadyWisconsin encourages people to do the following:

- Create an emergency plan and practice it. Know where designated shelters are located at home, work, and school, and be ready to go there when a tornado warning is issued.
- Have multiple ways to receive alerts about approaching severe weather. Outdoor warning sirens, a NOAA Weather Radio, local media, and smart phone apps are all important tools. Don't rely on any single source for important life-saving alerts.
- If you have a mobile device, make sure it is enabled to receive Wireless Emergency Alerts. On many devices, that option is available in the settings menu.
- Keep up to date on the daily forecast for your area. It can help ensure you are ready for potential severe weather threats.
- Create an emergency kit for your home, with supplies such as food, water, a flashlight, and first aid kit.
- Know which rooms in your home are the safest areas during a tornado. Don't forget your pets.

